

FUNSTON SENT TO GUINES WITH 300 MARINES

Disarmed Ex-Volunteers Prove to Be Helpless Against the Cuban Insurgents.

FEAR TROUBLE BEFORE MEN CAN ARRIVE

Regulars May Find Work. Transport Sumner Lands Engineers From Washington.

HAVANA, Oct. 8.—Three hundred additional marines are being hurried to Guines today, to prevent a recurrence of yesterday's outbreak, when rebels and former volunteers engaged in a fight in which four of the volunteers were slain with machetes.

Guines is reported to be in an uproar and it is feared further trouble may occur before the marines can reach the spot. How serious the situation is regarded, is shown by the fact that both General Funston and Colonel Estampes, former commander of the volunteers, are on their way there with the marines.

Feeling runs high between the insurgents and the former volunteers. The latter have laid down their arms, and for that reason are practically helpless against the rebels, many of whom still retain their guns. The marines in Guines are not of sufficient number to keep the opposing forces in subjection if a general outbreak comes, and they are unable to prevent yesterday's fight.

HAVANA, Oct. 8.—There is much evidence that the United States troops will find work in Cuba before order has been restored, and it is not impossible that the 6,000 ordered here will have to be re-enforced. It has been necessary to send 300 more marines to Guines to put a stop to the aggressiveness of Asbert's men, who are attempting to take the town. The detachment there prevented a serious clash.

In Santa Clara there has been some trouble and in Santiago province some of the rebels still are in ugly mood.

A faithful source of trouble is the demand of the Liberals that they be given municipal office and that the moderate incumbents be turned out. Governor Taft has refused to take any such action and will take none pending the elections. It is his purpose to hold in office the men who now hold them, unless, of course, there is some reason besides politics which makes it advisable to have a change.

Captain Barnett, of the Marine Corps, in command at Cienfuegos, has posted a notice outside his office that the marines are there solely to keep order and protect property and that the local authorities must decide civil questions.

Rebels Plan Parade.

The rebels in Cienfuegos plan to hold an unarmed parade, and they propose the delivery of the city government to the Liberals. Captain Barnett says it is no affair of his. The Americans feel certain that there is no order where they are stationed, but in the remote places rurales are needed.

A good effect was created by a small firing affair Friday night on the Hormiguero sugar estate, where bandits attacked a Cuban house. The marines promptly interfered. The bandits fired on the marines, who replied, killing a horse and driving off the bandits.

Mayor Castillo, of Alguilar, took to the woods with the insurgents, at the outbreak of the insurrection, and Governor Nunez appointed another man in his place. Now Castillo has come back and Governor Nunez has reinstated him. The friends of the ousted mayor complained to Governor Taft, who has sent Consul General Steinhardt and Governor Nunez to settle the squabble.

Governor Taft has been asked to remove the mayor of Guantanamo, who belongs to the Moderate party. This Governor Taft declined to do, saying that if he removed the mayor, because he was a Moderate, he would have to remove many more.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Fair weather has prevailed in all districts, except the upper lake region, and the upper Mississippi valley, where showers have fallen.

Rain is indicated for tonight in the Ohio valley, the lower lake region, and the western portion of the middle Atlantic States, and for Tuesday in the eastern portion of the middle Atlantic States.

It will be warmer tonight in the lower lake region, and the middle Atlantic States, followed by cold Tuesday. The temperature will also rise tonight in the middle Atlantic States.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Great Lakes.

Steamers departing today for European ports will find light to fresh westerly winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

SUPREME COURT CONVENES TODAY; VISITS PRESIDENT

Eight Justices Called at White House to Pay Their Respects.

REAL WORK TOMORROW

First Case to Be Battle on Irrigation Rights of Kansas and Colorado.

With only eight members on the bench, owing to the resignation of Justice Brown last spring, the Supreme Court of the United States at noon today opened its October term.

The meeting was brief and formal, the court adjourning a few minutes after 12, in order to pay its respects to the President, according to custom.

In carriages, the Chief Justice, Melville W. Fuller, and his seven associates were driven to the White House, where they were received by the President with due solemnity. After a few minutes of conversation they returned to their chambers at the Capitol.

First Case Tomorrow.

The real business of the court will not begin until tomorrow. The first case to go on for hearing, and which will consume several days, will be that of the State of Kansas vs. Colorado, involving irrigation rights to the Arkansas river. It will be a legal battle of great interest throughout the country west of the Mississippi valley.

Kansas contends that Colorado should not use the river for irrigation purposes, on the ground that by so doing it diminishes the supply of water in Kansas. Colorado contends that, instead of harming Kansas, Colorado's use of the water helps that State, because by storing up the water the people of Colorado conserve the supply.

Many States in West Interested.

In the dry season, when Kansas otherwise would get hardly any water, the State now gets a steady flow of it, which may be used for irrigation purposes, say the Coloradans. Upon the outcome of this case depends the water rights of most of the States of the West. If one State can prevent another State from using water for irrigation in the territory inland from the river banks, others can do the same thing.

TEACHERS WILL GET CHECKS TOMORROW

The District public school teachers will receive their pay checks tomorrow morning according to the arrangement of Disbursing Officer C. C. Rogers. Mr. Rogers, who, since the receipt of Comptroller Tracewell's decision releasing the delayed pay of the bulk of the teachers, has been working under a high pressure in an effort to get the pay rolls in shape, finished the actual check signing 1,500 checks to the Board of Education for transmission to the teachers. Nothing remains now he states, but for Secretary Conner to put them into the hands of the waiting teachers and thus end the anxiety incident to the recent tangle over the proper interpretation of the new school act.

To accomplish this feat of check signing—it took Mr. Rogers exactly two hours to affix his name to more than 1,500 checks—the disbursing officer worked with great energy, and today he states his satisfaction at the conclusion of the tangle, and the fact that the pay rolls were experienced by Disbursing Officer Rogers and Auditor Garrison, with their respective staffs, did not leave a Saturday night job.

A late hour, and in this way were enabled to finish the arduous task at least twenty-four hours ahead of the scheduled time.

EMPIRE SCHOOLMA'NS WANT MORE SALARY

New York city's female public school teachers are raising a voice of protest against the existing law which denies them the right to earn as much salary as the male teachers doing the same grade of work. They demand equal pay for equal work, regardless of sex, and loudly promise to swoop down on the legislators at the coming session of the New York Assembly in an effort to get an equitable law passed.

In this respect the Washington "schoolmams" are far luckier than their Empire State sisters, inasmuch as they draw the same monthly pay check as do their masculine co-workers. Years ago a friendly Congress considered the proposition of equal rights and tacked on a proviso to the District appropriation bill which prevents salary discriminations.

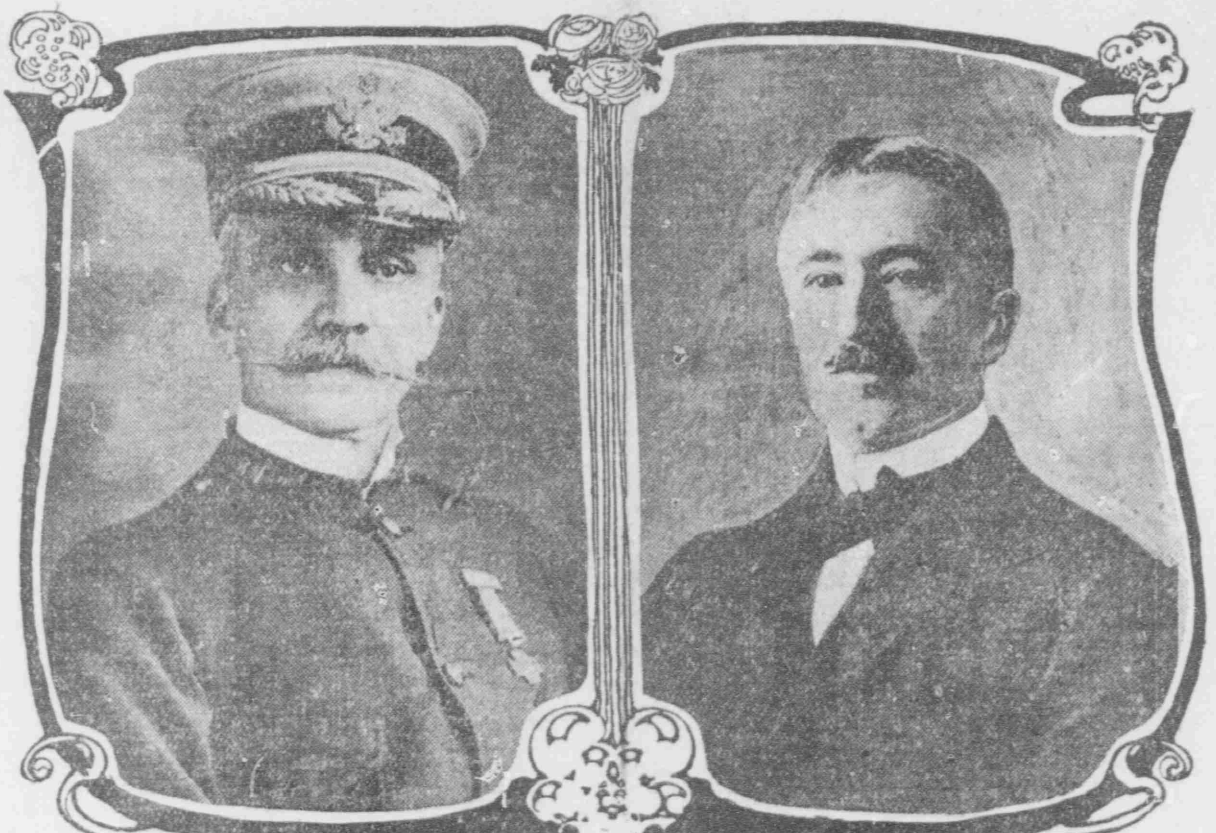
Another complaint made by the New York teachers is that few of them remain in teaching service long enough to attain the maximum salary. They are endeavoring to have cut down the service provision to five years, instead of eleven or seventeen, in order to enjoy the maximum salary.

Again in this the Washington teacher has the upper hand. Although the school law requires a service up to ten years before the maximum salary is reached, yet the Board of Education can give it to any teacher deemed worthy of earning it after three years' continual service.

Lumber at Old Prices.

Lumber Trust broken. \$2.75 boards reduced to \$2 per 100 ft. Libbey & Co., 6th st. and N. Y. ave.—Adv.

HEROES OF WAR WITH SPAIN CAPTURE NATIONAL CAPITAL



COMMANDER J. WALTER MITCHELL, Of the Department of the District of Columbia. COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF CHARLES R. MILLER, United Spanish War Veterans.

JAP PROFESSOR INSPECTS LOCAL SCHOOL SYSTEM

Touring World in Interest of the Island of Formosa Government.

Prof. Tachiro Honjo, newly appointed inspector of educational methods of the island of Formosa, arrived in this city this morning for the purpose of inspecting the local school system. For an hour or more the Japanese professor was escorted by Superintendent Chancellor, after which he visited Assistant Superintendent Hughes. He explained to the two superintendents that he was sent to this country by the Formosa government.

Prof. Honjo expressed himself as delighted with the reception accorded him by all Americans since his arrival in this country. He arrived in this country about three weeks ago, landing at Seattle, Wash., and proceeded to Chicago, where he was shown through the public schools. Indianapolis was the next point visited. Here Prof. Honjo maintains he saw the finest school system in the world.

For many years Prof. Honjo was professor of languages in the University of Tokyo. When the government of the island of Formosa decided to start a high school system, Prof. Honjo was selected for the head of the system. He was instructed to tour the world in order that the most modern system available might be introduced on the island.

The Japanese professor will remain in Washington several days, after which he will proceed to New York. Subsequently he will return to Formosa by way of Europe.

LAW OFFICE ENTERED AND \$250 MISSING

The law office of Bates Warren, 605 Columbian Building, was entered some time between 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon and 5 o'clock this morning, and the safe rifled of \$250.

In closing the safe Saturday night the knob was turned, but the combination not locked, and the thief had an easy job.

The matter was reported to the police, but as yet no clue of the robbers has been obtained.

WOLVES BRING DESTRUCTION TO SWITZERLAND CANTON

BERNE, Oct. 8.—Irrespective of the large sums of money distributed every year in Switzerland as prizes for the killing of dangerous animals, this canton spent this year nearly \$5,000 for the same purpose, including bounty on 1,600 wolves.

SERVICE COMMEMORATES DISCOVERY OF AMERICA

The annual vesper and benediction service in commemoration of the discovery of America by Columbus will take place ext Sunday at 7:30 p. m., in St. Joseph's Church, Second and C streets northeast. The services will be attended by Washington Chapter of the Knights of Columbus, and celebrated by the Rev. P. J. O'Connor, State chaplain, assisted by chaplains of the subordinate councils. Very rev. A. P. Doyle, C. S. P., of the Apostolic Mission House, will deliver the sermon. The choral service will be rendered by a choir of the students and clerics of Holy Cross College.

Fire Devastating TOWN IN GEORGIA

JESSUP, Ga., Oct. 8.—Fire started here this morning from an unknown cause. The flames are spreading rapidly, and as there are no means of fighting them, the whole of the business district is probably doomed.

Already the hotel Strickland and the postoffice building, as well as the building in which the Western Union Telegraph Company is located, are in ruins. This message was sent out from the telephone exchange, whose building is on fire.

ENDED HER LIFE WHEN CHILDREN BECAME BURDEN

Because They Interfered With Her Pleasure She Deserted Them.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Marie Greley, the young woman who said she was tired of her two beautiful children because they were in her way, is the mysterious woman who leaped from the pier at East Eighty-sixth street some weeks ago and was drowned. The identification was made today.

This young woman, dressed in her best, appeared before Police Sergeant Brenner, in the Tenderloin station last week, late at night. To her skirts clung two children, Catharine, aged six, and Lillian, three years younger. The children seemed to love their mother and she seemed to love them, but she said: "I don't want them; they are in my way. I have been having a good time all summer, and I want to continue to have a good time."

The children were sent to the rooms of the Children's Society, and the mother to Bellevue, as it was thought she was mentally unbalanced. Released from Bellevue two days later the woman did not go to claim her children, but went to the pier and jumped into the East river.

PRESIDENT HEARS SHERMAN ON G. P. O.

Congressman Tells Executive of Request Received for Investigation.

Representative James S. Sherman of New York, chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee, is at the Hotel Normandie.

He was at the White House this morning and had a talk with the President, relative to the campaign, and also discussed with the President the suggestion that there should be a Congressional investigation of the Government Printing Office.

The complaints made to Chairman Sherman by members of the Bookbinders' Union, that the Printing Office was not conducted properly and that it should be investigated by Congress, were gone over with the President, but it is said no conclusion was reached.

It is understood that the criticism against the Public Printer is based on his rules of discipline and not that he is an enemy of organized labor. In other words, it is said that Chairman Sherman told the President that the only complaint which he heard was from the Bookbinders' Union and the union objected to the new rules for conducting the business of the bindery. Chairman Sherman expects to return to New York this evening.

Macfarland's Welcoming Address.

The Commissioner said: "Washington is glad to welcome the veterans of the war for humanity which has had such remarkable and beneficial results. In this hall, where the first organization of Spanish War Veterans was formed, the representatives of the great national order to which they now belong, ought to feel peculiarly at home. Here in the National Capital, whence they were called into service, and where their efforts were directed, by President McKinley, himself a veteran of the civil war, passing on the honorable tradition of the American volunteer, of the American hero, here giving the greatest of the Spanish war veterans, now Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy, waits to welcome his comrades at the White House, you do not need to be given the freedom of the city."

"Never was war more righteous or successful than your war. And though it was fortunately little in its length and its cost, it was great in its spirit and its consequences. It was thrice blessed.

Thrice Blessed War. "It blessed the islands which it freed from medieval tyranny of custom, of ignorance, of government. It blessed the Old World country from which they were taken, and which has been richer and more prosperous ever since. It blessed the United States with the reward of such service, which is always more service, with the burdens and

(Continued on Second Page.)

FIGHT ON CANNON FOR SPEAKERSHIP NEW LABOR PLAN

Move to Oppose All Congressmen Who Would Vote for Uncle Joe.

MANAGERS ARE SILENT

Labor Representation Committee to Discuss Important Affairs.

It was reported today that the managers of the American Federation of Labor campaign to elect a new speaker, who held him responsible for the defeat of Speaker Cannon for re-election to the Speakership in case the Republicans control the next House.

The plan, according to report, is to call upon all friends of labor to cast their ballots against Congressional candidates, wherever they may be running, and whatever may be their records, who will not give assurances that if re-elected they will vote for some other candidate than Cannon for Speaker.

The speaker has incurred in an especial degree the hostility of the labor people, who hold him responsible for the platform that the Labor Representation Committee, composed of President Gompers, Secretary Morrison, and Mr. O'Connor, will hold a meeting here later in the present week to consider affairs involved in the year's campaign.

At the headquarters of the Democratic Congressional Committee, it was said that nothing had been heard of such a proposal on the part of the labor leaders. The Democratic managers added that they would not be likely to know earlier than the public at large, of such a movement, as Mr. Gompers and his associates were making no confidantes in the conduct of their campaign.

President Gompers, of the Federation, is not in the city today, and at this office it was said that nothing was known of such a movement. It was added, however, that the Labor Representation Committee, composed of President Gompers, Secretary Morrison, and Mr. O'Connor, will hold a meeting here later in the present week to consider affairs involved in the year's campaign.

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Root as Speaker In New York Fight To Back Hughes

President Roosevelt has decided to send Secretary Root to New York for Hughes. He will be heard in Carnegie Hall, some night during the week of October 22, and his expressions from the platform that evening will be accepted as the words of the President.

The premier's entry into the campaign of the Empire State will be the most important event of the year, for it will be known that Mr. Root goes as the personal representative of the President himself.

Chairman Sherman, of the Republican Congressional Committee, announced Mr. Root's speaking date this morning, after a conference with the President. Other big guns of the President's Cabinet and circle will be in New York to aid in the efforts the Republicans are making to kill off Editor Hearst.

Envoy's From Roosevelt.

The galaxy includes Secretary Shaw, Speaker Cannon, and Senator Beveridge. Their appointments are as follows: Secretary Shaw—October 19, New Rochelle; 23d, Clinton and Kingston; 24d, Iliac and Utica; 25th, Buffalo.

Speaker Cannon—October 17, White Plains; 19th, New York city, at Durland's Academy; 20th, Niagara Falls and Batavia.

Senator Beveridge—October 12th, New York city, before the Knights of Columbus.

If Secretary Taft returns from the last time he will be pressed into service in Missouri, Wisconsin, and Colorado.

Senator Proctor of Vermont, who owns all the marble worth having in the Green Mountain State, and whose son, Fletcher, will be the next governor by grace of the Republican nomination which he already has, called at the White House this morning to take up a State political matter with the President. When he emerged from the President's office, Senator Proctor denied the rumor that he contemplates resigning his seat.

Proctor Won't Run.

"I did say something about retiring before my term expires," said Senator Proctor, "but my friends made so much of a protest against it that I agreed to hold on. My term expires in 1911 and I will not be a candidate again. The Almighty probably will retire me before that time, anyway."

Senator Proctor was asked if he had told the President that "as Vermont goes, so goes the Union."

"I didn't say a word about that," replied the venerable Senator, "because he knows that, anyhow."

Split Ticket, Way To Join Tammany And Independents

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The Independent League and Tammany Hall probably will adjust their differences in New York county and agree on a split ticket.

After a conference that lasted until early today, the executive committee of the league issued a statement announcing that the league would put a full county ticket in the field, but would endorse those candidates whose records have been above reproach. This is said to indicate that Tammany assemblymen will be endorsed in about seventeen districts and the league will obtain the remainder, which will be endorsed by Tammany.

MEN WALK OUT ON WAGE FIGHT WITH SOUTHERN

694 Railroad Machinists Put Down Their Tools at Eleven o'Clock This Morning.

ORDER FROM WEST FOR 200 MECHANICS

Officials of Union Say They Tried to Avert Trouble. Southern Men Silent.

At 11 o'clock this morning the 694 union machinists employed by the Southern Railway Company laid down their tools and walked out on a strike. The order for the strike was issued this morning by the officials of the International Association of Machinists.

The strike of the machinists is due to the rejection of their new wage scale, which called for an increase of 2½ cents an hour and a work-day of nine hours. The new wage scale was presented to the Southern officials the latter part of August by a committee representing the several lodges of machinists employed by the Southern. This committee was here more than a month, and during that time several conferences were held with the officials of the Southern.

Counter Proposition Rejected. The request of the men for an increase was met with a counter proposition from the Southern, which was submitted to the machinists. After careful consideration the proposition of the Southern was turned down, and then it was that the Southern said there was nothing more to offer.

Following the rules of the international body the men referred their grievance to the executive committee of the international association for investigation. The executive committee sought to reopen the case with the hope that an amicable adjustment could be arranged, but to no purpose, and last week negotiations ended, so far as the executive committee was concerned.

Officials of the International Association said today a week's time was given to the Southern officials, in which to make a move that would indicate to the men that a compromise might be effected. The men were disappointed. It became a waiting game, so the officials of the International Association decided to act, and this morning the order for the strike was issued.

Thousand May Go Out.

While there are but 654 union machinists involved, it is said that the number of mechanics who will walk out will reach nearly a thousand. There is a demand for railroad machinists in the West. This morning officials in St. Louis, asking that 200 machinists be sent at once to that city, as they are wanted by the Washburn railroad.

P. J. Conlon, first vice president of the International Association of Machinists said today that the men and everything that could possibly be done to avert a strike, and that they would have been willing to have had the matter submitted to the Federal Commerce Commission for arbitration.

General Manager Spencer, of the Eastern Railway Company, was out of the city today, and the other officials of the company said they had no official information that a strike of the machinists had been ordered. The officials of the Southern said they had no statement to make at this time.

Likely to Call Out All Union Machinists

TOLEDO, Ohio, Oct. 8.—At a public mass meeting called to present the union side of the strike, the officials of the International Association of Machinists, made the statement that if necessary to win, every union machinist in the country would be called out. He stated that the strike was caused by an effort on the part of the National Metal Trades Association to force the union men, many of whom were discharged from the Pope plant.

TREATY COMMISSION GIVEN NEW LIFE

That President Roosevelt is of a most forcible nature, who is pro-claiming today when he issued an order continuing the life of the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission to March 2, 1907, Ex-Senator William E. Chandler, of New Hampshire, is chairman of the commission. Mr. Chandler last spring called the President's personal severity in question. His reappointment to the good position he has been holding these last few years, will be regarded therefore by many as a very Christmas-day sequel to the bitter episode of rate bill legislation in which the President, Senator Tillman of South Carolina, and the former's spokesman from New Hampshire figured as principals.

WAREHOUSE DESTROYED WITH LOSS OF \$450,000

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 8.—Fire at the Mayfield woolen mills destroyed the warehouse which contained a stock of goods valued at \$450,000.